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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for operating an arithmetic device for reducing a precision of an input [datum] signal data having a precision portion and a loss portion, comprising:

a. comparing the loss portion to a preselected threshold value, f_t ;

b. determining a selectable bias, α , responsive to the loss portion being in a defined relation to the preselected threshold value, f_t , wherein α is selected from a pseudorandom sequence of data bits; and

c. combining the precision portion with α , creating a reduced precision [datum] signal data thereby,

wherein α corresponds to a predetermined characteristic of one of α , the input [datum] signal data, the reduced precision [datum] signal data, and a combination thereof.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein determining the selectable bias further comprises one of:

a. assigning a first value to α , responsive to the loss portion being substantially equal to f_t ;

b. assigning a second value to α , responsive to the loss portion being less than f_t ; and

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c. assigning a third value to α , responsive to the loss portion being greater than f_t .

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of a plurality of input data relative to a corresponding plurality of reduced precision data.

4. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic attributable to reducing the precision of the input datum.

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to the predetermined characteristic of the selectable bias, the predetermined characteristic being the mean value of a plurality of selectable bias values.

6. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of a plurality of input data relative to a corresponding plurality of reduced precision data, and the predetermined characteristic being attributable to reducing the precision.

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7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the predetermined characteristic is a predetermined mean error value.

8. (Original) The method of claim 2, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of one of input data, a corresponding reduced precision data, and a combination thereof.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a predetermined statistical value.

10. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a predetermined mean error value of the plurality of reduced precision data relative to a corresponding plurality of input data.

11. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the predetermined statistical value comprises the mean value of the reduced precision data relative to a corresponding plurality of finite-precision fixed point input data.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 2, further comprising assigning a fourth value to α , responsive to the loss portion being substantially equal to f_c , the fourth value being in a predefined relationship with the first value.

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13. (Original) The method of claim 12, further comprising determining the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of input data relative to corresponding reduced precision data, and the predetermined characteristic being a preselected mean error value associated therewith.

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, wherein:

- a. f_t is substantially equal to 0.5_{10} ;
- b. the first value is a current first value being selected to be one of "1" and "0" when the value of the loss portion substantially equals about 0.5_{10} , in a predefined relationship to a previous first value;
- c. the second value is "0" when the loss portion is less than about 0.5_{10} ; and
- d. the third value is "1" when the loss portion is greater than about 0.5_{10} , with the third value is added to the value of the precision portion.

16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the predefined relationship is an alternating relationship.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 15, wherein the alternating relationship includes one or more [a-selectable

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~~number of~~ "1's" being interleaved with one or more [~~a selectable number of~~] "0's", the mean value of the reduced precision data being responsive to the alternating relationship.

19. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein each of the input datum and the reduced precision datum are represented by two's complement fixed point values.

20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended) A method for operating an arithmetic device for rounding a first [datum] signal data, x , having precision of a digits, to a second [datum] signal data, \hat{x} , having precision of b digits, wherein $a > b$, first b digits of x being a precision portion, and remaining $a-b$ digits of x being a loss portion, the method comprising:

a. evaluating the loss portion relative to a preselected rounding threshold value;

b. if the loss portion is substantially equal to the preselected threshold, then defining \hat{x} substantially according to the equation:

$$\hat{x} = x + 2^{-(b+1)}\alpha,$$

where α is a selectable bias represented by a rounding digit, wherein the rounding digit is selected from a pseudorandom sequence of data bits;

c. if the loss portion is not substantially equal to the preselected threshold, then defining \hat{x} substantially according to the equation:

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$$\hat{x} = x + 2^{-(b+1)}; \text{ and}$$

d. eliminating the loss portion of the first signal
data x, producing \hat{x} thereby.

22. (Original) The method of claim 21, wherein selectable bias α is representative of a predetermined characteristic of one of x , \hat{x} , α , and a combination thereof.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22, wherein the preselected threshold is substantially equivalent to 0.5₁₀.

24. (Original) The method of claim 23, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a preselected mean error value of \hat{x} relative to x .

25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the preselected mean error value, $E(e)$, is substantially defined by the equation:

$$E(e) = 2^{-a}(E(\alpha) - \frac{1}{2}),$$

where $E(\alpha)$ is a mean value of selectable bias α .

26. (Original) The method of claim 25 wherein the mean value of the selectable bias is substantially within the range of

$$0.0 \leq E(\alpha) < 1.0$$

27. (Original) The method of claim 26, wherein the mean value of the selectable bias, $E(\alpha)$, is approximately equal to

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preselected mean error value, $E(e)$, and $E(\alpha)$ is approximately zero.

28. (Original) The method of claim 27, wherein the predetermined characteristic further comprises a preselected error variance value, σ_e^2 , substantially defined by the equation:

$$\sigma_e^2 = \frac{2^{-2b} + 2^{-(2a-1)}}{12}$$

29-30. (Cancelled)

31. (Withdrawn) A method for rounding a first two's complement fixed point datum, x , having an integer part of n bits, a fractional part of a bits the integer part, and sign bit, s_i , to a second two's complement fixed point datum, \hat{x} , having a fractional part of b bits following the radix point, where a and b are representative of the respective precisions of x and \hat{x} , and where $a > b$, comprising:

- a. evaluating the fractional part of x and defining y as the most significant bit (MSB) of the a bits;
- b. if the first bit following the radix point of x is equal to a "1" bit trailed by $(a-1)$ "0" bits, then defining \hat{x} substantially according to the equation:

$$\hat{x} = n + s_i$$

and

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otherwise, defining substantially according to the equation:

$$\hat{x} = n + y$$

32. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 31, wherein the occurrence of positive numbers and negative numbers in a plurality of the datum, x , is substantially equiprobable.

33. (Cancelled)

34. (Currently Amended) An arithmetic device, comprising a bias generator producing a selectable bias α , responsive to a predetermined signal characteristic, the device receiving an input signal and coupling the selectable bias α , thereto, wherein α is selected from a pseudorandom sequence of data bits.

35. (Original) The arithmetic device of claim 34, further comprising a combiner coupled to the bias generator, the combiner receiving and combining the input signal and the selectable bias α , and producing an output signal.

36. (Original) The arithmetic device of claim 34 further comprising wherein the bias generator further comprises a comparator for comparing the input signal to a preselected threshold value, the comparator urging the bias generator to produce the selectable bias α responsive to the preselected threshold value.

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37. (Currently Amended) A computer program product recorded on a computer readable medium for reducing a precision of an input datum having a precision portion and a loss portion, comprising:

a. computer readable program code which compares the loss portion to a preselected threshold value, f_t ;

b. computer readable program code which determines a selectable bias, α , responsive to the loss portion being in a defined relation to the preselected threshold value, f_t , wherein α is selected from a pseudorandom sequence of data bits; and

c. computer readable program code which combines the precision portion with α , creating a reduced precision datum thereby,

wherein α corresponds to a predetermined characteristic of one of α the input datum, the reduced precision datum, and a combination thereof.

38. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 37, wherein the computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias, further comprises one of:

a. computer readable program code which assigns a first value to α responsive to the loss portion being substantially equal to f_t ;

b. computer readable program code which assigns a second value to α responsive to the loss portion being less than f_t ; and

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c. computer readable program code which assigns a third value to α responsive to the loss portion being greater than f_+ .

39. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 37, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of a plurality of input data relative to a corresponding plurality of reduced precision data.

40. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 37, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic attributable to reducing the precision of the input datum.

41. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 37, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to the predetermined characteristic of the selectable bias, the predetermined characteristic being the mean value of a plurality of selectable bias values.

42. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 38, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of a plurality of input data relative to a corresponding plurality of reduced precision data,

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and the predetermined characteristic being attributable to reducing the precision.

43. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 42, wherein the predetermined characteristic is a predetermined mean error value.

44. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 38, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of one of input data, a corresponding reduced precision data, and a combination thereof.

45. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 44, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a predetermined statistical value.

46. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 40, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a predetermined mean error value of the plurality of reduced precision data relative to a corresponding plurality of input data.

47. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 45, wherein the predetermined statistical value comprises the mean value of the reduced precision data relative to a corresponding plurality of finite-precision fixed point input data.

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48. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 38, further comprising computer readable program code which assigns a fourth value to α responsive to the loss portion being substantially equal to f_t , the fourth value being in a predefined relationship with the first value.

49. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 48, further comprising computer readable program code which determines the selectable bias responsive to a predetermined characteristic of input data relative to corresponding reduced precision data, and the predetermined characteristic being a preselected mean error value associated therewith.

50. (Cancelled)

51. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 47, wherein:

- a. f_t is substantially equal to 0.5_{10} ;
- b. the first value is a current first value being selected to be one of "1" and "0" when the value of the loss portion substantially equals about 0.5_{10} , in a predefined relationship to a previous first value;
- c. the second value is "0" when the loss portion is less than about 0.5_{10} ; and
- d. the third value is "1" when the loss portion is greater than about 0.5_{10} , with the third value is added to the value of the precision portion.

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52. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 50, wherein the predefined relationship is an alternating relationship.

53. (Cancelled)

54. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of Claim [§7] 52, wherein the alternating relationship includes [~~a selectable number of~~] one or more "1's" being interleaved with [~~a selectable number of~~] one or more "0's", the mean value of the reduced precision data being responsive to the alternating relationship.

55. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 38, wherein each of the input datum and the reduced precision datum are represented by two's complement fixed point values.

56. (Cancelled)

57. (Currently Amended) A computer program product recorded on a computer readable medium for rounding a first datum, x , having precision of a digits, to a second datum, \hat{x} , having precision of b digits, wherein $a > b$, first b digits of x being a precision portion, and remaining $a-b$ digits of x being a loss portion, comprising:

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a. computer readable program code which evaluates the loss portion relative to a preselected rounding threshold value;

b. computer readable program code which, if the loss portion is substantially equal to the preselected threshold, then defines \hat{x} according to the equation:

$$\hat{x} = x + 2^{-(b+1)}\alpha,$$

where α is a selectable bias represented by a rounding digit, wherein the rounding digit is selected from a pseudorandom sequence of data bits;

c. computer readable program code which, if the loss portion is not substantially equal to the preselected threshold, then defines \hat{x} according to the equation:

$$\hat{x} = x + 2^{-(b+1)}; \text{ and}$$

d. computer readable program code which eliminates the loss portion of x , producing \hat{x} thereby.

58. (Currently Amended) The computer program product of Claim [24] 57, wherein selectable bias α is representative of a predetermined characteristic of one of x , \hat{x} , α , and a combination thereof.

59. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 58, wherein the preselected threshold is substantially equivalent to 0.5_{10} .

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60. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 59, wherein the predetermined characteristic comprises a preselected mean error value of \hat{X} relative to X .

61. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 60, wherein the preselected mean error value, $E(e)$, is substantially defined by the equation:

$$E(e) = 2^{-a}(E(\alpha) - \frac{1}{2}),$$

where $E(\alpha)$ is a mean value of selectable bias α .

62. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 61, wherein the mean value of the selectable bias is substantially within the range of:

$$0.0 < E(\alpha) < 1.0$$

63. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 62, wherein the mean value of the selectable bias, $E(\alpha)$, is approximately equal to preselected mean error value, $E(e)$, and $E(\alpha)$ is approximately zero.

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64. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of Claim 63, wherein the predetermined characteristic further comprises a preselected error variance value, σ_e^2 , substantially defined by the equation:

$$\sigma_e^2 = \frac{2^{-2b} + 2^{-(2a-1)}}{12}$$

65-71. (Cancelled)